REASONS100

Humbly offered against Imposing any further

Duty upon Foreign SAFLOWER

Imported.

Aflower is a Commodity, without which, Scarlets, Carnations, Rose and Pink-

colours Incarnadye cannot be Dyed.

There is not above 2000 l. weight or thereabouts, growing in England, yearly. English Saffower will not Dye those Beautiful Colours, for Dying whereof England is famous throughout the World, and do serve France, Spain, Italy, Holland and Germany, with great quantity of Ribbonds of those colours.

In making whereof the Silk Trade and Manufacture is incouraged; Merchants, Silkmen, Dyers, Weavers, Silk-Throwers and Winders, receive an Imploy and

benefit by it.

Whereupon, from Germany and other parts, about 60000 weight is yearly imported, which is the product of our English Manusacuries of Silk and Worsted Hole; Stuffs, Serges and other the Woollen Manufacture of this Nation; all which pay the King a duty of Cultom.

This Saflower when Imported; is all expended in England, in our English Manusacturie, and occasions the expending great quantities of Vinegar, Beer, Sopes of all forts, Pot-aches, Juice of Lemmons, and Lime juice, and divers other Com-modities, all of which paythe King a duty of Custom.

If a further duty be laid upon Forreign safioner, it will hinder the Importation, the Commodity not being able to bear a higher Imposition, if not imported, the Dying Trade is destroyed, (howbeit there should be sussicient of that Commodity for the future planted in England yearly, to Dye withal) for that the same will not Dye so clear, Beautiful and Strong Colours as Forreign; the consequence will be that Lions in France and other parts that are now vying with England, who shall Dye the most sull and beautiful Colours will exceed England; And then what solloweth, but that England must be supplied from France and Holland, with those very Commodities which now, are to the enriching of our own People made in England, and transported into France and Holland, and when once the English Dye is brought out of repute, it will hardly ever be brought into esteem again.

The duty on Saflower already is 5 th. per Hundred.

The further duty intended is as much.

This for 60000 pound weight comes not to above 135 pound per an. to the King, and if 150l.imposed will prevent the King of tentimes as much Custome, in expending less of other Commodities, that pay the King a Custome, destroy many Families, and lessen the Exportation of our own Manufacture.

And it is humbly conceived will be of advantage to no Person unless one Mr. Euslis Barnaby, who hath got a Patent for the sole planting of Saffower in England, and would have had the Dyers joyned with him in it, but they cannot, because it wild absolutely destroy their Trade, and Trade of many others.

And for that it may be said that the gathering of Saflower will imploy many People at work. It is answered that it may do so for a Moneth in a year, but then it would take off from the imployment of ten times as many others who are all the year long imployed in the making of those Manufactures which are Exported; the product of which, saflower is.

Besides, in Germany it is gathered for 1 d. or 2d. a day; in England none will work under 8 d. no man can gather above one or two pounds a day, and this would (though the Commodity be worse than Foreign) make it much dearer, whereby Foreigners will not onely Dye better, but sell their Commodity Cheaper than English men

can afford.

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